

## university of la rioja



The University of La Rioja (UR) currently teaches 7,500 students enrolled in one of its 26 officially recognised degree courses and postgraduate courses and programmes for master's degrees and doctorates. The campus occupies a unique area within the city of Logroño, capital of La Rioja, and it is an ideal size for the integral training and development of the student.

It is the only Higher Education institution in the Autonomous Region of La Rioja devoted to the multiple tasks of teaching, research, dissemination of culture and innovation. Located in the North of Spain, La Rioja is a modern, hospitable region with a very high quality of life, best known for its famous wine and as being regarded as the cradle of the Spanish language.

Some time between the 10th and 11th centuries, in the Monasteries of San Millán de la Cogolla, declared a World Heritage Site in 1996, the first known words in Spanish language were written by monks—preserved in the Codices 60 and 46— and it was here that the first known poet, Gonzalo de Berceo lived. Our emblem is formed by the initials of the University of La Rioja using the calligraphy of the two codices.

At the University of La Rioja we are the heirs to the thousand-year old spirit of the monks' scriptorium of San Millán and its tradition of service to the creation and dissemination of knowledge, and at the same time we have integrated the New Information and Communication Technologies into the life of the University.

The Library of the University of La Rioja, one of the first to receive the Quality Certificate from the Spanish Government's Ministry of Education, is an advanced centre of support to teaching and research. Among its services, one of the most important services has been the creation and maintaining of a data base of the most important scientific articles that exists in the Spanish language in the whole world: DIALNET.

In the field of New Information and Communication Technologies, the University of La Rioja is the first and only Spanish campus which delivers two official degrees entirely via Internet. Founded in 1992, it has competitive research groups, in areas such as the agri-food industry or the wine sector, capable of generating patents for industrial purposes through the transfer of the fruits of their research.

All in all, at the University of La Rioja we contribute to the advance of society through scientific research and the integral development of young graduates with critical judgement. The kind of professionals today's world needs.

José Mª Martínez de Pisón Rector of the University of La Rioja

cradle of knowledge in the cradle of the spanish language



The University of La Rioja (UR) currently teaches 7,500 students enrolled in one of its 26 officially recognised degree courses and postgraduate courses and programmes for master's degrees and doctorates. It is the only campus in the Autonomous Region of La Rioja, a modern region situated in the North of Spain.

Founded in 1992, the University of La Rioja has established a campus model which is specially designed to benefit the conditions of study of its alumni, as well as the teaching and research work of its almost five hundred teachers.

The campus is located on a 200,000 square metre site a stone's throw from the centre of the city of Logroño, (capital of La Rioja) and fully integrated into its urban development. Surrounded by large open spaces and lawns, the campus groups together all the University buildings, from the administration building to the library, sports centre or classrooms and lecture halls.

Teachers and students can easily get around it on foot. Thus, the University of La Rioja offers ideal conditions for study based on a ratio of students per class which encourages close contacts with teachers, free access to computer rooms in each building, newly inaugurated sports facilities, and special discounts in shops for university students.

The University of La Rioja is organised into four faculties, a Technical School of Higher Education and three accredited institutions:

#### Faculty of Sciences, Food and Agriculture Studies and Information Technology

Oenology

Mathematics

Chemistry

Agriculture:

- · Horticulture and Gardening
- · Agriculture and Food Industries

#### **Faculty of Arts and Education**

Spanish Language and Literature English Language and Literature History and Science of Music Humanities (Combined Studies) Primary Education

- · Physical Education
- ·Infants
- · Music
- · Foreign Languages (English and French)

#### **Faculty of Law**

Labour Studies

Law

Social Work

#### **Faculty of Business and Management Science**

Business Administration and Management Business Studies

#### **Higher Technical School of Industrial Engineering**

Industrial Engineering Electrical Engineering Electronic Engineering Mechanical Engineering

School of Nursing
School of Industrial Relations
School of Tourism



## teaching system

The key to our teaching system is the creation of the conditions necessary for the individualised, integral training of our students. In the University of La Rioja we instil professionals with the critical spirit that today's world demands.

At the beginning of their studies, each student is assigned a personal tutor or supervisor, a teacher from his degree course who provides guidance and support during the period of study. Moreover, during the so-called Induction Programme for new students, they receive information and guidance regarding the services and facilities available on campus (library, computer rooms, study areas, sports hall, multimedia laboratory, language laboratory, etc.) and the characteristics of their courses.

Throughout their courses, students at the University of La Rioja can choose a series of studies that make up the various different Curricular skills (Legal, Scientific and Technical English, Information Technology, Communication and Managerial Skills) while, with the support of a personal supervisor, they can design their own professional profile by taking advantage of the offer of subsidiary and optional "elective" courses.

The University of La Rioja complements the theoretical training of the students with period of practical work placements in companies, evaluated as part of the academic curriculum. The campus has agreements with 1,000 local companies and bodies with which it has links to provide, in practice, work experience to 75% of all students. It is the first step to access to the jobs market.





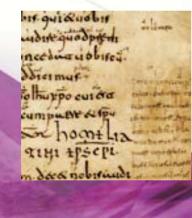


The size of the campus, located within the boundaries of a city of just 147,000 inhabitants, guarantees an ideal atmosphere of cultural immersion for learning Spanish as a Foreign Language. The Autonomous Region of La Rioja has the honour of being the home of the monasteries of Yuso and Suso in San Millán de la Cogolla.

In around the 10th or 11th centuries, in these monasteries, declared a World Heritage Site in 1996, the first known words in our language were written by monks in the Codices 60 and 46. La Rioja is the cradle of the Spanish language, a booming language which is today spoken by over 400 million people around the world.

The University of La Rioja, heirs of the thousand-year-old legacy of this medieval scriptorium, today fosters research into the roots of the Spanish language and study of the Spanish language and culture. Today it is one of the official examination centres of the Cervantes Institute, which allows you to obtain the DELE, and delivers courses in Spanish language and culture at various levels as well as a Master's degree in methodology for Spanish teachers in foreign teaching centres.

Two teachers from the University of La Rioja presented a study which placed the date of the origin of the Spanish language a century earlier than previously thought, as a result of their research on Codex 46, an invaluable medieval encyclopaedia with marginal notes written in a form of Low Latin full of errors and vulgarisms, which can be regarded as the earliest form of the Castilian language.



### research



Research at the University of La Rioja has its roots in the distinguishing features of our Autonomous Region. The quality of Rioja appellation wines led to the creation of a degree in Oenology, making the University of La Rioja the first in Spain to offer a university course in this area.

The facilities of the modern Science and Technology Complex, inaugurated by the King and Queen of Spain, include an experimental winery in which students and teachers grow vines, make and bottle their own wine. These facilities, currently being expanded, permit research and innovation projects to be undertaken for the most important economic sector of the Autonomous Region of La Rioja.

The University of La Rioja manages 90% of the region's research funds and participates in the subsidised projects of the R&D Plan of La Rioja promoted by the regional Government.

Transfer of research results to companies allows us to carry our research and development (R&D) projects in various scientific and technical fields:

- · Agricultural and Food Technology
- Chemical Technology
- Environmental Technology
- Technologies of Industrial Design and Manufacture
- Energy Technologies
- Electrical and Electronic Technologies
- Computer Technology and the Information Society
- Economic Studies
- Legal Studies
- · Social and cultural Studies

The Office for Relations with Enterprise (ORE) channels contacts with the region's business fabric, both for employment opportunities for our students and for research projects. Our researchers have generated patents for industrial use in the fields of chemistry and food and agriculture—an electronic "nose", a robot for measuring doses of tablets— while not overlooking basic research.

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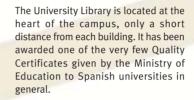
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### internet and knowledge

facilities

The University of La Rioja has understood its key role in the development of societies. Since it was founded, it has integrated the use of New Information Technologies as something natural. It is the first public Spanish University to deliver official qualifications entirely via Internet. The first cohorts have graduated and, at the present time, one fifth of its students follow their courses on-line through the virtual campus, without any need to travel physically to the university.

This pioneering experience has served for the development of other initiatives, such as the Mixed teaching model, which combines the traditional system of teaching with resources made available to the students on the Internet. Or the Shared Virtual Campus, in which the University of La Rioja and eight other Spanish campuses offer subjects jointly to over 200,000 students.

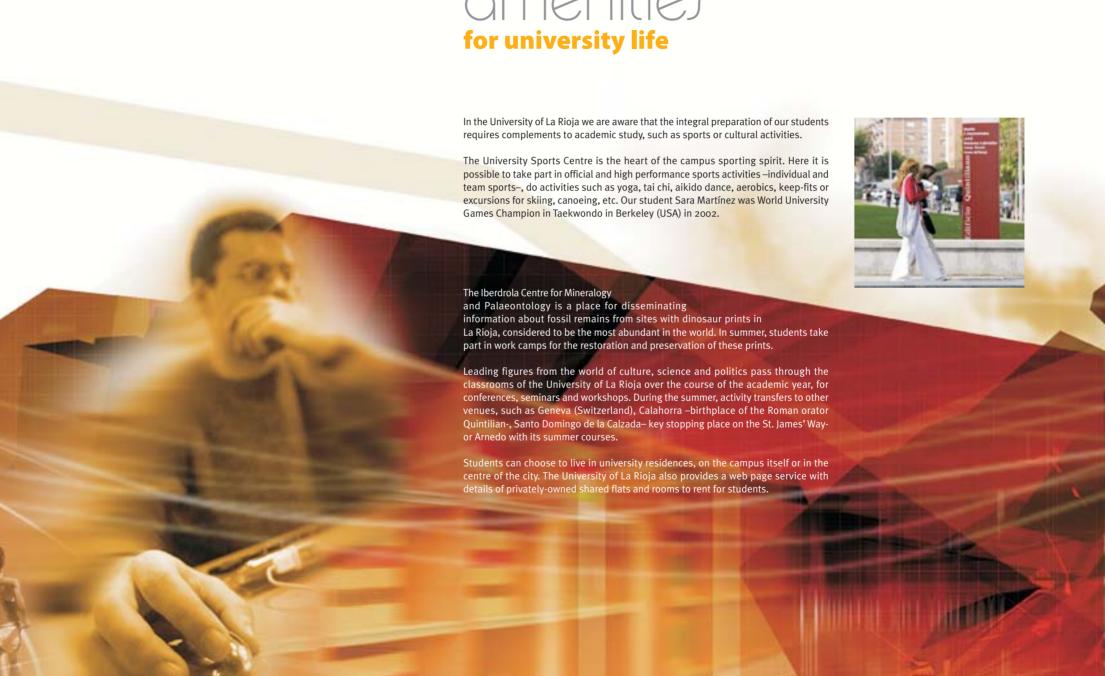


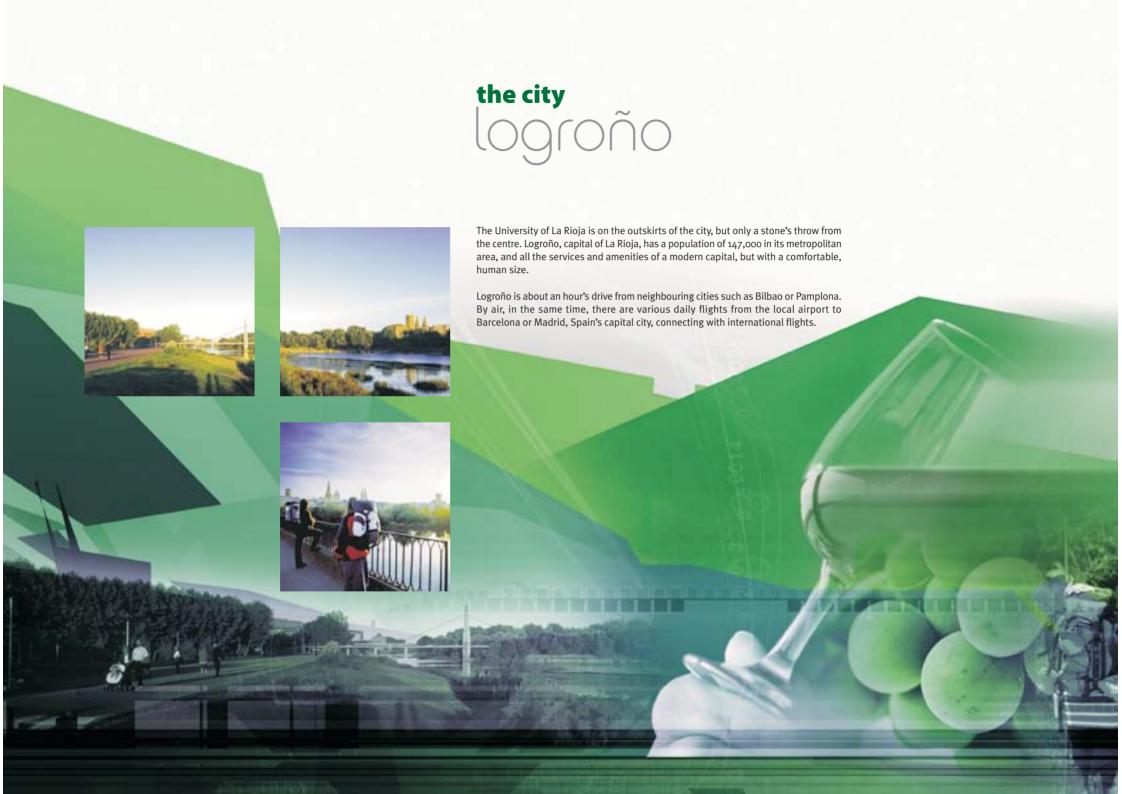
As well as access to reference books in special rooms, personal and group study stations or the European Documentation Centre, the University has also joined

The buildings of the University of La Rioja are equipped with computer rooms which are freely available to students. These rooms have PCs with useful applications for the students' personal work and access to Internet. The whole of the campus area is equipped with Wi-Fi technology permitting access to the net without cables and lap-top computers can also be borrowed.









# history, culture and nature

La Rioja is one of the 17 Autonomous Communities into which the Spanish state is divided. Its 300,000 inhabitants enjoy good quality of life, with an economy approaching full employment and a high level of public safety. La Rioja is a region rich in history, culture, heritage and traditions. In addition it is only a short distance from cities like Bilbao, with the impressive Guggenheim Museum designed by Frank O.Gehry, or Pamplona, whose bull-runs during the fiestas of San Fermín were made world famous by Ernest Hemingway.

La Rioja is a fertile region, world famous for its wines, crossed by the River Ebro which gives the Iberian Peninsula its name and the St. James' Way, the most important pilgrims' route in all Christendom. The people of La Rioja are known for their open, cheerful, hospitable character with all those who visit them. They shower their guests with the best of the region's cuisine, in which the calle Laurel is the most typical and liveliest place to meet in Logroño, offering its wines and a range of original bar snacks or 'tapas'.

Logroño is culturally a lively city. The Actual Festival is a date not to be missed by all those who, with the arrival of the New Year, want to know the latest trends in music, films and art. In addition, throughout the year, the city's Bretón Theatre plays host to the best theatrical companies and shows of the season (with student discounts). "Rioja and the Five Senses" is a cultural festival devoted to wine, right in the middle of harvest time, with talks, concerts, exhibitions, tastings, etc.

The sixty cinema screens with the best new films, the shows at the Riojaforum Congress Centre and Auditorium, the route of the monasteries (Cañas, Nájera, Valvanera) or the Dinastía Vivanco Museum of the Culture of Wine – including exhibits from Ancient Egypt - offer opportunities to enjoy culture in Logroño and the rest of La Rioja.

Calahorra, the second biggest city in La Rioja after Logroño, was an important enclave of the Roman Empire. Nájera, cradle of kings, was the ancient capital of the Kingdom of Navarre. Haro, the wine capital, is home to most of the oldest wine cellars of La Rioja, which can be visited as part of an itinerary (like the monasteries). Alfaro has the largest colony of storks in Europe. Enciso and Igea have some of the most important dinosaur fossil print sites in the world. In Ezcaray, a lovely town which sits at the foot of the mountains, you can go skiing in winter and listen to jazz in the summer.

There is much more, but you will have to come and find it for yourself. We are waiting for you.







